PERFORMANCE MONITORING FOR ACTION



PMA KENYA (KILIFI) Results from Phase 1 baseline survey

November–December 2019

OVERALL KEY FINDINGS



There have been an increase in the use of modern contraceptive methods among all women and married women since 2017.

57% of the women reported to have received comprehensive methods information during the FP visit.

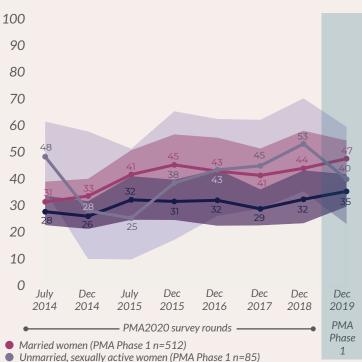


38% of the pregnancies were unintended.

SECTION 1: CONTRACEPTIVE USE, DYNAMICS, AND DEMAND

MODERN CONTRACEPTIVE PREVALENCE

Percent of women age 15-49 currently using modern contraception (mCPR) by marital status



All women (PMA Phase 1 n = 904)





CONTRACEPTIVE PREVALENCE BY **METHOD TYPE**

Percent of women age 15-49 currently using contraception by method type (PMA Phase 1 n = 904)

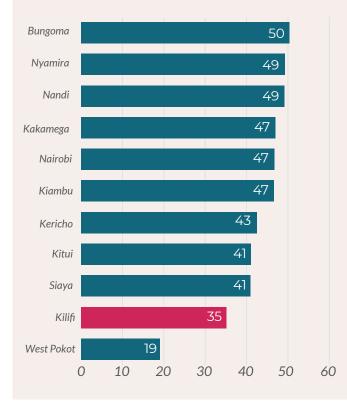


Bill & Melinda Gates Institute for Population and Reproductive Health JOHNS HOPKINS BLOOMBERG SCHOOL of PUBLIC HEALTH



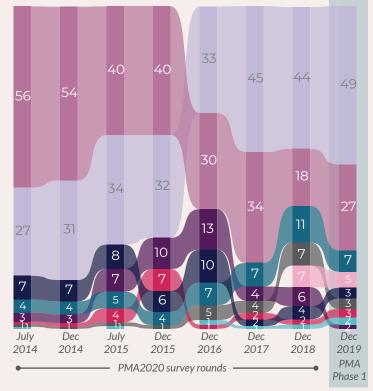
MODERN CONTRACEPTIVE PREVALENCE BY COUNTY

Percent of women age 15-49 currently using modern contraception by Kenya county



TRENDS IN MODERN CONTRACEPTIVE MIX

Percent distribution of modern contraceptive users age 15-49 by method and year (PMA Phase 1 n=321)



METHOD USE, UNMET NEED, AND DEMAND SATISFIED BY A MODERN METHOD

Percent of women age 15-49 using contraception by method type, unmet need, and demand satisfied by a modern method (PMA Phase 1 n=904)



Demand satisfied by a modern method is use of modern contraceptive methods divided by the sum of unmet need plus total contraceptive use.

MODERN CONTRACEPTIVE METHOD MIX

Percent distribution of married/in union modern contraceptive users age 15-49 by method



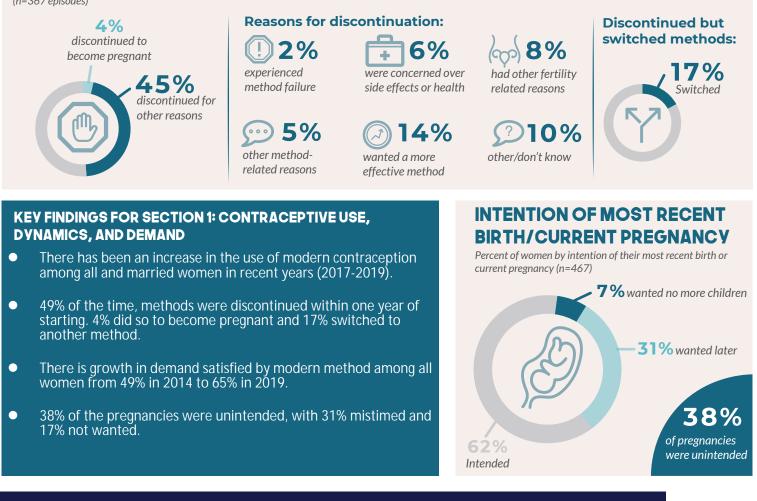
PMAKENYA

MONITORING FOR ACTION

DEDEODMANCE

12-MONTH DISCONTINUATION RATE

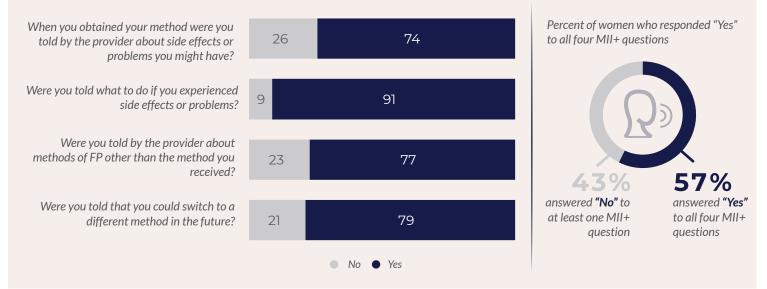
Among women who started an episode of contraceptive use within the two years preceding the survey, the percent of episodes discontinued within 12 months (n=367 episodes)



SECTION 2: QUALITY OF FP SERVICES AND COUNSELING

METHOD INFORMATION INDEX PLUS (MII+)

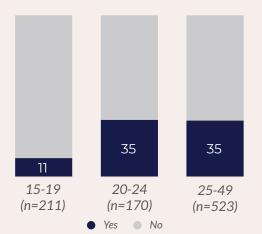
Percent of women who were told about side effects, what to do about side effects, of other methods, and the possibility of switching methods (n=314)





DISCUSSED FP IN THE PAST YEAR WITH PROVIDER/CHW

Percent of women who received FP information from a provider or community health worker (CHW), by age



CLIENT EXIT INTERVIEWS

Percent of female clients age 15-49 who said yes to the following questions (n=480) $\,$



Clients were interviewed immediately following their health facility visit to obtain FP counseling or services.

KEY FINDINGS FOR SECTION 2: QUALITY OF FP SERVICES AND COUNSELING

- About 57% of all women reported to have received comprehensive FP methods information when they obtained their current contraceptive method.
- At the facility, 98% of the clients reported satisfaction with FP services they received while 92% of the clients reported have obtained their method of choice.
- Adolescents are three times less likely to receive FP information from a health provider or a CHW compared to older women.

Percent of women who are

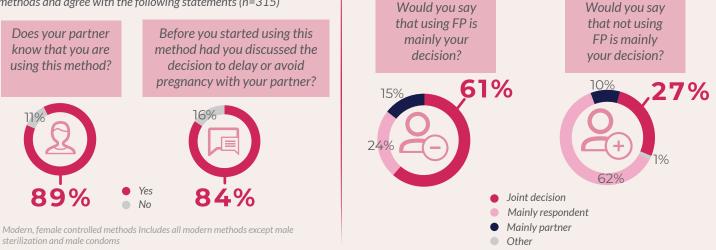
currently using FP and agree with

the following statements (n=325)

SECTION 3: PARTNER DYNAMICS

PARTNER INVOLVEMENT IN FP DECISIONS

Percent of women who are currently using modern, female controlled methods and agree with the following statements (n=315)



KEY FINDINGS FOR SECTION 3: PARTNER DYNAMICS

- Among women using a modern method that can be concealed, 11% report that their partners do not know that they are u contraception.
- 15% of the women who are using a contraceptive method reported that it is mainly their partner's decision to use.
- 27% of the decisions not to use and 61% of the decisions to use FP are jointly made.



Percent of women who are not

currently using FP and agree with

the following statements (n=536)

AGREEMENT WITH FAMILY PLANNING EMPOWERMENT STATEMENTS

Percent of all women who strongly agree to strongly disagree with each statement

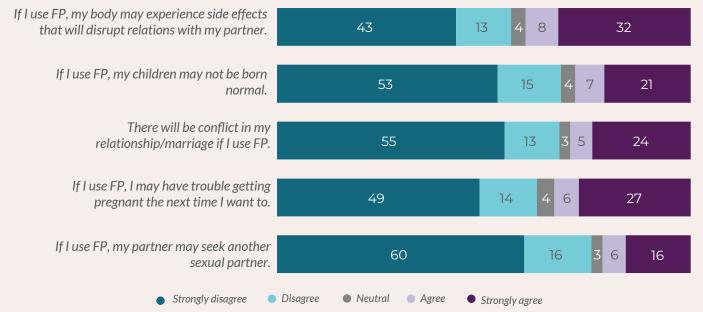
Exercise of choice (self-efficacy, negotiation) for family planning (n=902)

I feel confident telling my provider what is important when selecting an FP method.

I can decide to switch from one FP method to another if I want to.



Existence of choice (motivational autonomy) for family planning (n=895)



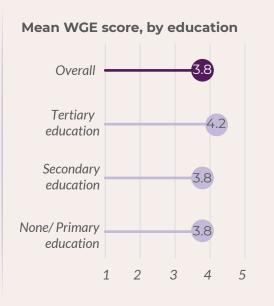
WOMEN'S AND GIRL'S EMPOWERMENT (WGE) SUB-SCALE FOR FAMILY PLANNING

The Women's and Girls' Empowerment (WGE) Index examines existence of choice, exercise of choice, and achievement of choice domains across pregnancy, family planning, and sex outcomes.

Presented results are only for the existence of choice and exercise of choice domains for family planning.

Scores from the above family planning empowerment statements were summed and divided by number of items (7) for average WGE family planning score across both domains .

Range for the combined WGE family planning score is 1-5, with a score of 5 indicating highest empowerment.



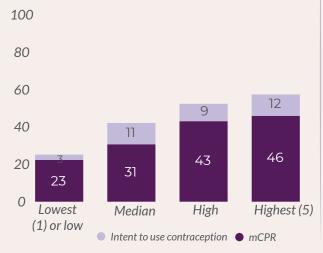






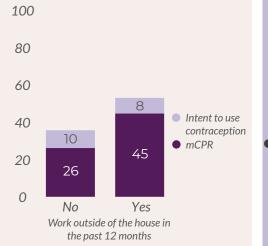
mCPR and intent to use contraception, by categorical WGE score

Percent of women using a modern method of contraception and percent of women who intend to use contraception in the next year by categorical WGE score (n=904)



mCPR and intent to use contraception, by employment

Percent of women using a modern method of contraception and percent of women who intend to use contraception in the next year by employment status (n=904)



KEY FINDINGS FOR SECTION 4: WOMEN AND GIRLS' EMPOWERMENT

- Women who score higher on the empowerment scale are much more likely to be using a modern contraceptive method or to intend to use in the future.
 - Women who are employed are more likely to be using or intending to use modern contraception.

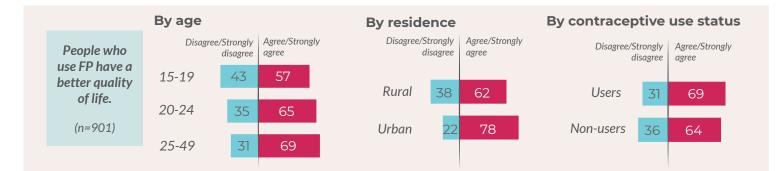
SECTION 5: ATTITUDES TOWARDS CONTRACEPTION

PERSONAL ATTITUDES

Percent of women who personally agree with statements made about contraceptive use, by age, residence, and contraceptive use status







KEY FINDINGS FOR SECTION 5: ATTITUDES TOWARDS CONTRACEPTION

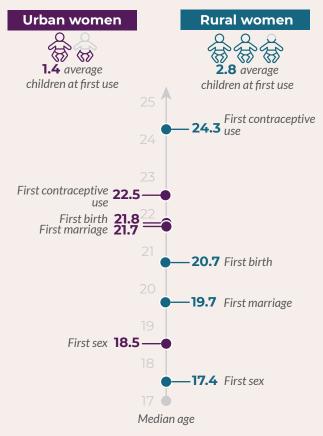
At least 6 in every 10 of the women agreed or strongly agreed that people who use FP have a better quality of life.
 More than 6 in every 10 non-user agree that FP is only for the married women.

• About 7 in every 10 adolescents believe in the myth that adolescents who use FP are promiscuous.

SECTION 6: REPRODUCTIVE TIMELINE

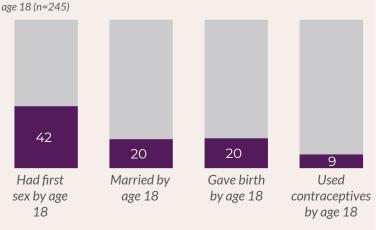
REPRODUCTIVE TIMELINE

Median age at reproductive events, by urban vs. rural residence (n=245)



Note: median age at first sex and first contraceptive use calculated among women 15-49 years; median age at first marriage and first birth calculated among women 25-49 years.

REPRODUCTIVE EVENTS BY AGE 18 Percent of women aged 18-24 who experienced reproductive events by



KEY FINDINGS FOR SECTION 6: REPRODUCTIVE TIMELINE

 Rural women enter sexual activity earlier, marry earlier, give birth earlier, but initiate contraception later than urban women.

 While about 42% of the young women have had first sex by age 18, only 20% are married by that age and just 9% have used a contraceptive by the same age.



TRENDS IN METHOD AVAILABILITY: IUD

Public facilities (PMA Phase 1 n=67)



TRENDS IN METHOD AVAILABILITY: INJECTABLES

Public facilities (PMA Phase 1 n=67)



TRENDS IN METHOD AVAILABILITY: PILLS



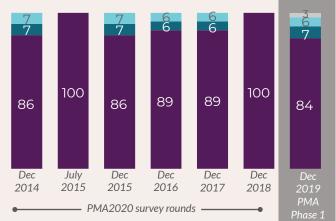
TRENDS IN METHOD AVAILABILITY: IMPLANT

Public facilities (PMA Phase 1 n=67)



TRENDS IN METHOD AVAILABILITY: MALE CONDOMS

Public facilities (PMA Phase 1 n=67)



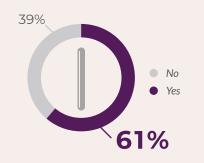
• Currently in stock and no stockout in last 3 months

- Currently in stock but stockout in last 3 months
- Currently out of stock
- Not offered

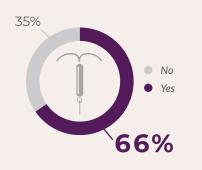


FACILITY READINESS

Percent of facilities that provide implants and have a trained provider and instruments/supplies needed for implant insertion/removal (n=67)



Percent of facilities that provide IUDs and have a trained provider and instruments/supplies needed for IUD insertion/removal (n=55)



FEES FOR SERVICES

Percent of facilities where FP clients have to pay fees to be seen by a provider even if they do not obtain FP

Public facilities (n=67)



76%

of women obtained their current modern method from a public health (facility (n=315)

KEY FINDINGS FOR SECTION 7: SERVICE DELIVERY POINTS

 Only 66% of facilities that provide IUD have a trained provider and instruments/supplies needed for IUD insertion/removal.

Stockouts for IUDs, implants, injectables, pills and males condoms were observed.
 24% of the users reported to have obtained their method from a private health facility.



TABLES: CONTRACEPTIVE PREVALENCE AND UNMET NEED

ALL WOMEN				CPR				mCPR				Unmet need for family planning			
Data source	Round/ Data Female Phase collection sample		CPR%	SE 95% CI		mCPR% SE 95% CI			Unmet need (%)			% CI			
РМА 2020	R1	May-July 2014	513	27.67	2.54	22.51	33.51	27.56	2.55	22.38	33.44	26.60	2.56	21.42	32.51
РМА 2020	R2	Nov-Dec 2014	544	26.52	2.50	21.45	32.30	25.87	2.42	20.97	31.45	25.97	2.32	21.27	31.31
РМА 2020	R3	June-July 2015	551	32.52	3.84	24.80	41.32	32.00	3.80	24.37	40.73	24.89	4.29	16.80	35.23
РМА 2020	R4	Nov-Dec 2015	658	32.86	3.23	26.26	40.20	31.40	3.50	24.34	39.44	20.46	2.18	16.14	25.59
РМА 2020	R5	Nov-Dec 2016	607	33.14	5.33	22.69	45.56	31.80	4.92	22.15	43.32	17.79	3.20	11.84	25.86
РМА 2020	R6	Nov-Dec 2017	628	30.11	3.38	23.26	37.99	28.60	3.11	22.30	35.85	16.15	1.92	12.37	20.81
РМА 2020	R7	Nov-Dec 2018	570	32.32	4.58	23.22	42.99	32.20	4.60	23.08	42.92	15.83	2.05	11.84	20.85
PMA	Phase 1	Nov-Dec 2019	904	36.16	2.96	30.31	42.45	35.15	2.96	29.32	41.46	17.81	1.81	14.37	21.85
WOMEN IN UNION															
WC	MEN IN	UNION	I.		Cł	PR			mC	CPR		Unmet	need for	family pl	anning
WC Data source	Round/ Phase	Data collection	Female	CPR%	CF SE	PR 959	6 CI	mCPR%	mC SE	:PR 959	6 CI	Unmet Unmet need (%)	need for SE	family pl 959	
Data	Round/	Data	Female	CPR% 31.25			6 CI 38.67	mCPR% 31.25			6 CI 38.67	Unmet			
Data source PMA	Round/ Phase	Data collection May-July	Female sample		SE	959			SE	95%		Unmet need (%)	SE	95%	% CI
Data source PMA 2020 PMA	Round/ Phase R1	Data collection May-July 2014 Nov-Dec	Female sample 328	31.25	SE 3.24	95 9 24.67	38.67	31.25	SE 3.24	95 9 24.67	38.67	Unmet need (%) 37.06	SE 3.12	95 9 30.57	6 CI 44.05
Data source PMA 2020 PMA 2020 PMA	Round/ Phase R1 R2	Data collection May-July 2014 Nov-Dec 2014 June-July	Female sample 328 324	31.25 34.24	SE 3.24 2.78	959 24.67 28.47	38.67 40.51	31.25 33.44	SE 3.24 2.78	959 24.67 27.69	38.67 39.72	Unmet need (%) 37.06 36.22	SE 3.12 1.80	959 30.57 32.41	44.05 40.22
Data source PMA 2020 PMA 2020 PMA 2020 PMA	Round/ Phase R1 R2 R3	Data collection May-July 2014 Nov-Dec 2014 June-July 2015 Nov-Dec	Female sample 328 324 339	31.25 34.24 42.24	SE 3.24 2.78 4.16	959 24.67 28.47 33.57	38.67 40.51 51.42	31.25 33.44 41.43	SE 3.24 2.78 4.06	95 9 24.67 27.69 32.98	38.67 39.72 50.42	Unmet need (%) 37.06 36.22 24.62	SE 3.12 1.80 2.53	95 9 30.57 32.41 19.55	44.05 40.22 30.51
Data source PMA 2020 PMA 2020 PMA 2020 PMA 2020 PMA	Round/ Phase R1 R2 R3 R4	Data collection May-July 2014 Nov-Dec 2014 June-July 2015 Nov-Dec 2015 Nov-Dec	Female sample 328 324 339 381	31.25 34.24 42.24 46.90	SE 3.24 2.78 4.16 4.71	95 9 24.67 28.47 33.57 36.97	38.67 40.51 51.42 57.08	31.25 33.44 41.43 45.05	SE 3.24 2.78 4.06 5.18	95 9 24.67 27.69 32.98 34.27	38.67 39.72 50.42 56.31	Unmet need (%) 37.06 36.22 24.62 28.67	SE 3.12 1.80 2.53 2.10	95 9 30.57 32.41 19.55 24.33	44.05 40.22 30.51 33.44
Data source PMA 2020 PMA 2020 PMA 2020 PMA 2020 PMA 2020 PMA	Round/ Phase R1 R2 R3 R4 R5	Data collection May-July 2014 Nov-Dec 2014 June-July 2015 Nov-Dec 2015 Nov-Dec 2016 Nov-Dec	Female sample 328 324 339 381 346	 31.25 34.24 42.24 46.90 44.82 	SE 3.24 2.78 4.16 4.71 6.25	959 24.67 28.47 33.57 36.97 31.92	38.67 40.51 51.42 57.08 58.45	31.25 33.44 41.43 45.05 42.67	SE 3.24 2.78 4.06 5.18 5.61	959 24.67 27.69 32.98 34.27 31.11	38.67 39.72 50.42 56.31 55.09	Unmet need (%) 37.06 36.22 24.62 28.67 24.30	SE 3.12 1.80 2.53 2.10 4.79	959 30.57 32.41 19.55 24.33 15.42	 6 CI 44.05 40.22 30.51 33.44 36.11

PMA Kenya (Kilifi) collects information on knowledge, practice, and coverage of family planning services in 25 enumeration areas selected using a multi-stage stratified cluster design with urban-rural strata. The results are county-level representative. Data were collected between November and December 2019 from 851 households (99.5% response rate), 904 females age 15-49 (99.1% response rate), 83 facilities (91.2% completion rate), and 483 client exit interviews. For sampling information and full data sets, visit www.pmadata.org/countries/kenya.

PMA uses mobile technology and female resident data collectors to support rapid-turnaround surveys to monitor key family planning and health indicators in Africa and Asia. PMA Kenya is led by the Ministry of Health in collaboration with International Centre for Reproductive Health Kenya (ICRHK), National Council for Population and Development, and Kenya National Bureau of Statistics. Overall direction and support are provided by the Bill & Melinda Gates Institute for Population and Reproductive Health at the Johns Hopkins University and Jhpiego. Funding is provided by the Bill & Melinda Gates Foundation.

